

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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Issue Date:

1 of 4  
06.08.2015

## 1. Identification of the substance/ mixture and the company/ undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Product name: Forestacryl  
Product description: Monomer based on Methyl Methacrylate  
Alternative names: -  
Product numbers: 402-0010, 402-0011, 402-0022, 402-0023, 403-0010, 403-0011, 403-0020

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified use Professional: End use of mixtures containing for manufacturing of dental prosthesis, expanding or repairing dental prosthesis, manufacturing of dental regulators and individually formed impression trays.  
Uses advised against Mixtures containing unreacted liquid monomer intended to come into contact with skin or nails.

Refer to Exposure Scenario Annex for further details.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

#### Manufacturer

FORESTADENT  
Bernhard Förster GmbH  
Westliche Karl-Friedrich Str.

Telephone: 07231 459 0  
Fax: 07231 459 102

D – 75172 Pforzheim

#### Supplier

FORESTADENT  
Bernhard Förster GmbH  
Westliche Karl-Friedrich Str. 151

Telephone: 07231 459 0  
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D – 75172 Pforzheim

#### Information contact

FORESTADENT Bernhard Förster GmbH

Information Telephone: 07231 459 136  
Information fax: 07231 459 102  
E-Mail (competent person): gerold.grosskopf@forestadent.com  
Website: www.forestadent.de

#### National contact

FORESTADENT Bernhard Förster GmbH

Information Telephone: 07231 459 0  
Information fax: 07231 459 102  
E-Mail (competent person): info@forestadent.com  
Website: www.forestadent.de

### 1.1 Emergency telephone number

FORESTADENT Bernhard Förster GmbH  
Only available during office hours.

Telephone: 07231 459 0

### 1.2 Dept. responsible for information

telephone: 07231 459 0

## 2. Hazards Identification

**2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture**

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP).

|                                       |      |
|---------------------------------------|------|
| Flammable Liquid Category 2           | H225 |
| Skin corrosion/ irritation Category 2 | H315 |
| Skin sensitization Category 1         | H317 |
| STOT-single exposure Category 3       | H335 |

or full text of H/R phrases see section 16

**2.2 Label elements**



**Signal word**

Danger

**Hazard statement(s)**

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H315: Causes skin irritation.  
H317: May causes an allergic skin reaction.  
H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

**Precautionary statement(s)**

P210: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame, hot surfaces – No smoking.  
P261: Avoid breathing vapours.  
P280: Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.  
P302 + P352: IF ON SKIN wash with plenty of soap and water.  
P501: Dispose of contents/ container to hazardous waste in accordance with local, state or national legislation. Incinerate under approved controlled conditions, using incinerators suitable for the disposal of flammable organics.

**2.3 Other hazards**

Not classified as PBT or vPvB

**3. Composition / Information on Ingredients**

**3.1 Substances**

This product is a mixture

**3.2 Mixtures**

Substances in the product which may present a health or environmental hazard, or which have been assigned occupational exposure limits, are detailed below.

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP).

| HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT(S)        | % w/w | EC no.    | Hazard Class and Category Code(s)   | Hazard statement Code(s)             |
|--------------------------------|-------|-----------|---|--------------------------------------|
| Methyl Methacrylate            | > 95  | 201-297-1 | Flam. Liq. 2<br>Skin Irrit. 2<br>Skin Sens. 1<br>STOT SE 3  | H225<br>H315<br>H317<br>H335         |
| Ethylene glycol dimethacrylate | < 5   | 202-617-2 | Skin Sens. 1<br>STOT SE 3   | H317<br>H335                         |
| N, N-Dimethyl-p-toluidine      | < 1   | 202-805-4 | Acute Tox. Oral 3<br>Acute Tox. Dermal 3<br>Acute Tox. Inhal. 3<br>STOT SE 2<br>Aquatic Chronic 3 | H301<br>H311<br>H331<br>H373<br>H412 |

**4. First Aid Measures**

**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| <b>Inhalation:</b>    | IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if you feel unwell.   |
| <b>Skin contact :</b> | IF ON SKIN (or hair): Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. |
| <b>Eye contact:</b>   | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical attention.         |
| <b>Ingestion:</b>     | Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Get immediate medical attention.   |

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction

**4.3 Indication of the immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

not necessary

**5. Fire-Fighting Measures**

**5.1 Extinguishing media**

**Suitable Extinguishing media** In case of fire, use water spray, foam, dry powder or CO<sub>2</sub> for extinction. Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing media** Do not use water jet.

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May polymerise on heating. Sealed containers may rupture explosively if hot.

**5.3 Advise for fire-fighters**

A self contained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing should be worn in fire conditions.

**6. Accidental Release Measures**

**6.1 Personal precautions:** Eliminate sources of ignition. Wear protective gloves and eye/ face protection. Avoid breathing vapours.  
See section: 8

**6.2 Environmental precautions:** Avoid release to the environment. Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be alerted to the appropriate regulatory body.

**6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:** Collect spillage. Do not adsorb onto sawdust or other combustible materials. Transfer to a lidded container for disposal or recovery. Use only non-sparking tools.

**6.4 References to other section:** 8, 13

**7. Handling and Storage**

**7.1 Precautions for safe handling** Do not eat, drink or smoke at the work space. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid breathing vapours. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. The vapour is heavier than air; beware of pits and confined spaces. Ground container and receiving equipment. Use explosion proof electrical equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame, hot surfaces – No smoking, protect from sunlight. **IMPORTANT:** Methacrylates stored in bulk must be kept in contact with air (oxygen). Monomer vapours are uninhibited and may form polymers in vent of flame arresters, resulting in blockage of vents.

**Storage Temperature** Preferably not exceeding 25°C

**8. Exposure controls / Personal protection**

**8.1 Control parameters**

**Occupational Exposure limits**

| Substances          | EC No.    | LTEL ppm (8hr TWA) | LTEL mg/m <sup>3</sup> (8hr TWA) | STEL ppm | STEL mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Notes      |
|---------------------|-----------|--------------------|----------------------------------|----------|------------------------|------------|
| Methyl methacrylate | 201-297-1 | 50                 | 208                              | 100      | 416                    | WEL, IOELV |

| DNEL                                   | Oral | Inhalation            | Dermal                       |
|--|------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| Worker – Long Term – Local effects     | 1    | 210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 1,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>        |
| Worker – Long Term – Systemic effects  | 1    | 210 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 13,67 mg/kg body weight/ day |
| Worker – Short Term – Local effect     | 1    | 2                     | 1,5 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>       |
| Worker – Short Term – Systemic effects | 1    | 2                     | 3                            |
| Consumer – Long Term – Local effects   | 1    | 105 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 1,5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>        |

|  |   |                        |                            |
|--|---|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Consumer – Long Term – Systemic effects  | 1 | 74,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 8,2 mg/kg body weight/ day |
| Consumer – Short Term – Local effects    | 1 | 2                      | 1,5 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>     |
| Consumer – Short Term – Systemic effects | 1 | 2                      | 3                          |

|                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
|                                | <b>PNEC</b>  |
| <b>Aquatic Compartment</b>     | <b>0,94 mg/l (fresh water)<br/>0,094 mg/l (sea water)<br/>5,74 mg/kg dry weight (sediment)</b> |
| <b>Terrestrial Compartment</b> | <b>1,47 mg/kg dry weight</b>   |

1 Oral toxicity: DNEL not established

2 Long term DNEL is protective of effects resulting from short term exposure

3 Dermal toxicity: DNEL not established

| Substance                | EC No.    |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| N, N.Dimethyl-p-toludine | 202-805-4 |

| DNEL                                    | Oral       | Inhalation             | Dermal     |
|---|------------|------------------------|------------|
| Worker – Long Term – Systemic effects   | 1          | 1,35 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 1,19 mg/kg |
| Consumer – Long Term – Systemic effects | 2,37 mg/kg | 0,34 mg/m <sup>3</sup> | 0,29 mg/kg |

|                                |   |  |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
|                                | <b>PNEC</b>   |  |
| <b>Aquatic Compartment</b>     | <b>0,153 mg/l (fresh water)<br/>0,0153 mg/l (sea water)<br/>45,38 mg/kg dry weight (sediment)</b> |  |
| <b>Terrestrial Compartment</b> | <b>18,68 mg/kg dry weight</b>   |  |

1 Oral toxicity: DNEL not established

## 8.2 Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

Do not eat, drink or smoke at the work place. Provide adequate ventilation, including appropriate local extraction, to ensure that the defined occupational exposure limit is not exceeded. Consideration should be given to the work procedures involved and the potential extent of exposure as they may determine whether a higher level of protection is required.

### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/ face protection

Wear eye/ face protection  
Safety spectacles/ goggles/ full face shield

Skin protection

Wear suitable gloves  
The most appropriate glove depends on consideration of a number of factors including the physical strength of the glove, the degree of manual dexterity required, the amount of permeation through the glove material and the duration of wear. There are a wide variety of elastomeric and laminate gloves available. Common elastomeric glove material include latex (natural rubber), neoprene (poly isoprene), nitrile rubber (ABS rubber), butyl rubber, polyvinyl alcohol (PVA), polyvinyl chloride (PVC) and fluoroelastomers. Laminate gloves are made from heat sealed sheets of PVA between layers of polyethylene. In permeations tests PVA/ Polyethylene laminate and supported PVA gloves performed best (note that PVA can be rendered ineffective by contact with water if the laminate layer is breached). Butyl and nitrile rubber gloves offer short- term protection. Later surgical gloves offer little protection. Gloves should be stored correctly and changed regularly, especially if excessive exposure has occurred.

Respiratory Protection

Wear suitable respiratory protective equipment if engineering controls are insufficient, or not present, and exposure to levels above the DNEL is likely. A suitable mask with filter type A (EN141 or EN405) may be appropriate

Other

Keep away from food, drinks and animal feed.

Environmental exposure controls

Ensure effective control measures when working within the boundaries as specified in section 6.2 of each GES.

**9. Physical and chemical properties****9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

|                                   |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| <b>Form:</b>                      | liquid                                      |
| <b>Colour:</b>                    | Clear, Colourless                           |
| <b>Odour :</b>                    | Ester-like, characteristic strong and acrid |
| <b>pH-Wert: (20°C)</b>            | Not applicable                              |
| <b>Melting point:</b>             | -48 °C                                      |
| <b>Boiling point:</b>             | ~ 100,3°C                                   |
| <b>Flash point:</b>               | 10 °C                                       |
| <b>Flammable limits (lower):</b>  | 2,1 %v/v                                    |
| <b>Flammable limits (upper):</b>  | 12,5 % v/v                                  |
| <b>Vapour pressure:</b>           | 3600 Pa (20°C)                              |
| <b>Solubility (Water):</b>        | slightly soluble, 1,6 % at (20°C)           |
| <b>Solubility (Other):</b>        | Miscible with most organic solvents         |
| <b>Auto-ignition temperature:</b> | 430 °C                                      |
| <b>Explosive properties:</b>      | Not applicable                              |
| <b>Oxidising properties:</b>      | Not applicable                              |
| <b>Relative density:</b>          | 0,94 (water = 1)                            |

**9.2 Other information**

Minimum Ignition Energy (mJ): 0,89-0,97 at 23°C

**10. Stability and Reactivity**

|  |  |
|--|--|
| <b>10.1 Reactivity</b>                         | Will exothermically polymerise in the presence of initiators   |
| <b>10.2 Chemical stability</b>                 | Stable in the presence of inhibitor  |
| <b>10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions</b> | Susceptible to polymerization initiated by prolonged storage or the presence of catalyst.  |
| <b>10.4 Conditions to avoid</b>                | Heat and direct sunlight.  |
| <b>10.5 Incompatible materials</b>             | Polymerization catalyst, such as Peroxy or Azo compounds strong acids, alkalis and oxidizing agents. Oxides and salts of transition metals. Organic Nitrogen containing compounds. Cyclohexanone/ Cyclohexenol tautomer. |
| <b>10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Product(s)</b> | Does not decompose up to auto-ignition temperature.  |

**11. Toxicological information****11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

(Based on MMA; other component only if mentioned)

Acute toxicity

|                                   |  |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Ingestion                         | Low oral toxicity, but ingestion may cause irritation of the gastrointestinal tract.                                   |
| Ingestion toxicity data           | LD50 (oral) > 500 mg/kg<br>N, N-Dimethyl-p-toluidine (100%) LD50 (oral) = 1767 mg/kg                                   |
| Ingestion STOT-single exposure    | Not applicable.  |
| Inhalation                        | May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.   |
| Inhalation toxicity data          | LC50 (vapour) 7093 pp, (29,8 mg/l) (4hr)<br>N, N-Dimethyl-p-toluidine (100%) LC50 (vapour) = 1,4 mg/l                  |
| Inhalation STOT-single exposure   | Exposure to high concentrations may produce adverse effects on the nasal epithelium.                                   |
| Skin contact                      | May cause an allergic skin reaction. Cause skin irritation.<br>Repeated and/or prolonged contact may cause dermatitis. |
| Skin contact toxicity data        | LD50 (dermal) > 5000 mg/kg<br>N, N-Dimethyl-p-toluidine (100%) >2000 mg/kg   |
| Skin contact STOT-single exposure | Not applicable.  |
| Eye Contact                       | High vapour concentration will cause irritation.   |
| Eye contact toxicity data         | Slight irritant to rabbit eyes. (OECD 405)   |
| Eye STOT-single exposure          | Not applicable   |
| Aspiration hazard data            | Not an aspiration hazard   |
| <u>Sensitization</u>              |  |

|   |  |
|---|--|
| Skin sensitization data   | Skin sensitization has been reported in studies with guinea pigs. (OECD 406)<br>Evidence of contact sensitization in man.  |
| Respiratory sensitization data  | Not a respiratory sensitizer. Irritant to the respiratory system and high concentrations may aggravate pre-existing conditions.  |
| CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity, and toxicity for reproduction). |  |
| Carcinogenicity data  | Not evidence of carcinogenicity. (OECD 451)  |
| Germ cell mutagenicity data   | Salmonella typhimurium (TA1535, 153, 97, 98, 100) negative (OECD 71)<br>Teratogenic and fetotoxic effects only observed in presence of maternal toxicity.<br>NOAEC (mouse) = 9000 ppm<br>NOAEC (rat) > 2028 ppm  |
| <u>Repeated exposure toxicity</u>   |  |
| Chronic exposure  | Repeated exposure to high levels produces adverse effects on the heart, lungs liver and kidneys. Repeated exposure of animals by inhalation to levels at or above the occupational exposure level produces adverse effects on the nasal epithelium (levels of 100 and 40 ppm). There is no reason to believe that Methyl Methacrylate represents a carcinogenic or mutagenic hazard to man based upon evidence from well conducted animal studies in relevant cohorts. Recent studies in animals have shown that high exposures do not produce embryo or foetoxic or teratogenic effects in the presence of maternal toxicity. |
| STOT – repeated exposure data   | NOEL (oral) (rat) (104 weeks) > 2000 pm<br>NOAEC (Inhalation) (rat) (104 weeks) 100 ppm (OECD 453)<br>NOAEC (inhalation) (mouse) (14 weeks) 1000 ppm (OECD 412)  |

## 12. Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Low toxicity to fish.  
MMA (100%) LC50 (Fish) (typically) > 100 mg/l  
MMA (100%) LC50 (fathead minnow) (96 hours) (static) 130 mg/l  
DMPT (100%) LC50 (fish) (96 hour) 46-52 mg/l  
Harmful to aquatic invertebrates.  
MMA (100%) EC50 (Daphnia magna) (48 hours) 69 mg/l  
Low toxicity to algae.  
MMA (100%) EC50 (selenastrum capricornutum) (96 hours) 170 mg/l  
MMA (100%) NOEC (zebra fish) (35 days) (flow through) 8,4 mg/l  
The product is substantially removed in biological treatment processes.

N, N-Dimethyl-p-toluidine (100%): Harmful to aquatic organisms may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Readily biodegradable.  
Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD): 88% (28 days)  
Inherent biodegradation:  
Dissolve Organic Carbon Removal (DOC removal): >95% (28 days)

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

The product as low potential for bioaccumulation

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Product is predicted to have high mobility in soil

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not classified as PBT or vPvB

### 12.6 Other adverse effects

Not subject to international restrictions.

## 13. Disposal considerations

Avoid release to the environment. Decontaminate empty drums before recycling.

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Disposal of contents/ container to hazardous waste in accordance with local, state or national legislation. Incinerate under approved controlled conditions, using incinerations suitable for the disposal of flammable organics.

## 14. Transportation information

|                                 |   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| 14.1 UN number                  | 1247                                    |
| 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name    | METHYL METHACRYLATE MONOMER, STABILIZED |
| 14.3 Transport hazard class(es) |   |
| Class                           | 3                                       |
| IMDG Class                      | 3                                       |

|                                     |          |
|-------------------------------------|----------|
| IMDG EMS                            | F-E, S-D |
| IATA                                | 3        |
| ADR Classification Code             | F1       |
| ADR HIN                             | 339      |
| ADR Transport Category              | 2        |
| Tunnel Restriction Code             | D/E      |
| RID                                 | 3        |
| AND                                 | 3        |
| UK CDG Road: Emergency Action Code: | 3YE      |
| 14.4 Packing group                  | II       |

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

Not classified as a Marine Pollutant.

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

No special requirements.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

### 15. Regulatory information:

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/ legalization specific for the substance or mixture.

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (Classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006).

Directive 2009/161/EU (third list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC).

#### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for Methyl Methacrylate.

### 16. Other information

This Safety Data Sheet was prepared in accordance with EC Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010.

The information provided in this Material Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process unless specified in the text.

The values mentioned in section 8 of this datasheet are based on the invalid values in the European Union.

Other Countries may apply other values.

#### LEGEND

|                                |   |
|--------------------------------|---|
| <b>Note:</b>                   | Not all of the following are necessarily contained in this Safety Data Sheet. |
| <b>IOELV:</b>                  | Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Value.                                 |
| <b>WEL:</b>                    | Workplace Exposure Limit.   |
| <b>Bmgv:</b>                   | Biological Monitoring Guidance Value.   |
| <b>Sen.:</b>                   | Capable of causing respiratory sensitization.                                 |
| <b>Sk:</b>                     | Can be absorbed through skin.   |
| <b>Carc.:</b>                  | Capable of causing cancer and/or heritable genetic damage.                    |
| <b>CHAN:</b>                   | Chemical Hazard Alert Notice.   |
| <b>COM:</b>                    | The company aims to control exposure in its workplace to this limit.          |
| <b>LTEL:</b>                   | Long Term Exposure Limit.   |
| <b>STEL:</b>                   | Short Term Exposure Limit.  |
| <b>TWA:</b>                    | Time Weighted Average.  |
| <b>STOT SE:</b>                | Specific Target Organ Toxicity – Single Exposure.                             |
| <b>Repr.:</b>                  | Reproductive toxicity.  |
| <b>Aquatic acute/ chronic:</b> |   |

#### Full text of H/P/R phrases

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| <b>H225</b> | Highly flammable liquid and vapour                                   |
| <b>H315</b> | Causes skin irritation   |
| <b>H317</b> | May cause an allergic skin reaction                                  |
| <b>H335</b> | May cause respiratory irritation                                     |
| <b>P210</b> | Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame, hot surfaces – No smoking.  |
| <b>P233</b> | Keep container tightly closed.                                       |
| <b>P240</b> | Ground/ bond container and receiving equipment.                      |
| <b>P241</b> | Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/.../ Equipment |
| <b>P242</b> | Use only non sparking tools.   |
| <b>P243</b> | Take precautionary measures against static discharge.                |
| <b>P261</b> | Avoid breathing vapours  |

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| <b>P264</b>           | Wash (hands and exposed skin) thoroughly after handling.  |
| <b>P271</b>           | Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.   |
| <b>P272</b>           | Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.  |
| <b>P280</b>           | Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.   |
| <b>P302 + P352</b>    | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water  |
| <b>P303+P361+P353</b> | IF ON SKIN: (or hair): Remove/ Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower.   |
| <b>P304+P340:</b>     | IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.  |
| <b>P312</b>           | Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor if victim feels unwell.  |
| <b>P321</b>           | Specific treatment (see on this label)  |
| <b>P332+P313</b>      | If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.   |
| <b>P333+P313</b>      | If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.   |
| <b>P362</b>           | Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.   |
| <b>P363</b>           | Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.  |
| <b>P403+P233</b>      | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  |
| <b>P403+P235</b>      | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.  |
| <b>P405</b>           | Store locked up   |
| <b>P501</b>           | Dispose of contents/ container to hazardous waste in accordance with local, state or national legislation. Incinerate under approved controlled conditions, using incinerators suitable for the disposal of flammable organics. |

This is the end of the Material Safety Data Sheet for Forestacryl

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